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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/633,083	08/01/2003	Il Hwan Cho	YPL-0060	3064
75	90 11/07/2005		EXAMINER	
Cantor Colburn LLP			SACKEY, EE	BENEZER O
55 Griffin Road South Bloomfield, CT 06002			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1626	

DATE MAILED: 11/07/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/633,083	CHO ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		EBENEZER SACKEY	1626				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHOWHIC WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATES and time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>26 October 2005</u> .						
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1 and 3</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1 and 3</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) is/are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Applicati	on Papers						
9)[] 10)[]	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the o Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment	rie)	·					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 09/22/03.	Paper No(s)/Mail Da					

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DETAILED ACTION

Status of Claims

Claims 1 and 3 are pending.

Information Disclosure Statement

Receipt of the Information Disclosure Statement filed on 09/22/03 is acknowledged and has been entered into the file. A singed copy of the 1449 is attached herewith.

Specification

The specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Response to Restriction

Applicant's election without traverse of claims 1-3, wherein R₁ represents naphthyl, indolyl, benzofuranyl, quinolinyl or indolyl substituted with alkyl, R₂ represents

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methyl or amino and each of A, B, C and D is carbon in the reply filed on 10/26/05 is acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in Graham v. John Deere Co., 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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3. Claims 1 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pascal et al., (EP 1 099 695 A1).

Applicants claim a 1, 2, 4-triazole derivative represented by formula (I), wherein R_1 represents naphthyl and R_2 represents methyl or amino,

Determination of the scope and content of the prior art (MPEP §2141.01)

Pascal et al., teach compounds similar to the instantly claimed compounds. See the entire reference especially the preferred examples of heteroaromatic compounds recited on page 3, lines 42-45 of the specification i.e., indolyl, quinolinyl etc.

Ascertainment of the difference between the prior art and the claims (MPEP §2141.02)

The prior art compounds differ from the claims herein as positional isomers of the claimed compounds.

Finding of prima facie obviousness---rational and motivation (MPEP §2142-2143)

Thus, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to prepare compounds, which are structurally similar to the prior art compounds (i.e., within the claimed genus of '695') with the expectation that the resulting compound would be effective, potent and selective COX-2 inhibitors, the activity relied on herein.

Note the court ruling in *In re Payne et al.*, 106 F.2d 302, 203, USPQ 245 at 255 (CCPA 1979):

"the name used to designate the relationship between related compounds is not necessarily controlling; it is the closeness of that relationship which is indicative of the obviousness or unobviousness of the new compounds". Additionally, note the ruling in In re Gyurik et al., 596 F.2d 1012, 201 USPQ 552 at 557

"In obviousness rejections based in close similarity in chemical structure, the necessary motivation to make a claimed compound, and thus the *prima facie* case of obviousness, rises from the expectation that compounds similar in structure will have similar properties".

Hence, the instantly claimed compounds would have been suggested to one of ordinary skill in the art absent a showing of unobvious or unexpected properties.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to E. Sackey whose telephone number is (571) 272-0704.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:30 am to 4:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph K. McKane, can be reached on (571) 272-0699. The fax phone number for this Group is (571) 273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is

(571) 272-1600.

EOS

November 3, 2005

Joseph K. McKane

Supervisory Patent Examiner Art Unit 1626, Group 1600

Technology Center 1